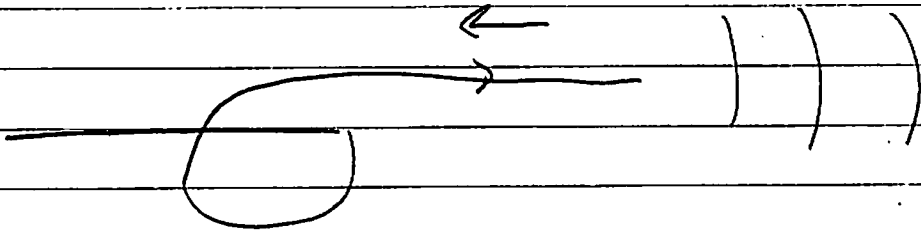


Radiation from Relativistic Charges



$$\left. \begin{aligned} -\square\phi &= \rho \\ -\square\vec{A} &= \vec{J}/c \end{aligned} \right\} G(\vec{r}|t_0, r_0) = \frac{1}{4\pi|\vec{r}-\vec{r}_0|} \delta(t-t_0 - |\vec{r}-\vec{r}_0|/c)$$

Then from the Green-fcn for the wave eqn

$$\phi(t, \vec{r}) = \int dt_0 d^3r_0 \delta(t-t_0 - \frac{|\vec{r}-\vec{r}_0|}{c}) \frac{\rho(t_0, r_0)}{4\pi|\vec{r}-\vec{r}_0|}$$

$$\vec{A}(t, \vec{r}) = \int dt_0 d^3r_0 \delta(t-t_0 - \frac{|\vec{r}-\vec{r}_0|}{c}) \frac{\vec{J}/c(t_0, r_0)}{4\pi|\vec{r}-\vec{r}_0|}$$

For a point-charge

$$\rho(t_0, r_0) = e \delta^3(r_0 - r_*(t_0))$$

$$\vec{J}(t_0, r_0) = e v(t_0) \delta^3(r_0 - r_*(t_0))$$

Radiation From - Relativistic Charges

We now do the d^3r_0 integrals

$$\phi(t, \vec{r}) = \int dt_0 \delta\left(t - t_0 - \frac{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}_*(t_0)|}{c}\right) \frac{e}{4\pi R}$$

$$\vec{A}(t, \vec{r}) = \int dt_0 \delta\left(t - t_0 - \frac{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}_*(t_0)|}{c}\right) \frac{eV(t_0)}{4\pi R}$$

Now we do the integral

- Only one value of t_0 will contribute $T(t, r)$ determined implicitly

$$\begin{aligned} & \delta\left(t - t_0 - \frac{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}_*(t_0)|}{c}\right) \\ &= \delta\left(t_0 - t + \frac{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}_*(t_0)|}{c}\right) \end{aligned}$$

Using

$$\delta(f(t_0)) = \frac{\delta(t_0 - T)}{|f'(T)|}$$

with

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d}{dt_0} \left(t_0 - t + \frac{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}_*(t_0)|}{c} \right) &= 1 + \frac{1}{c} \frac{d}{dt} \left((r - r_*(t))^2 \right)^{1/2} \\ &= 1 - \vec{n} \cdot \frac{V_*(t_0)}{c} \quad \frac{V_*(t_0) \cdot d\vec{r}_*(t_0)}{dt_0} \\ \vec{n} &\equiv \frac{\vec{r} - \vec{r}_*(t)}{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}_*(t)|} \end{aligned}$$

Radiation From Relativistic Charges

So we find

$$\phi(t, \vec{r}) = \frac{e}{4\pi R(\tau)} \frac{1}{1 - \vec{n} \cdot \frac{\vec{v}(\tau)}{c}}$$
$$\vec{A}(t, \vec{r}) = \frac{e \vec{v}(\tau)}{4\pi R(\tau)} \frac{1}{1 - \vec{n} \cdot \frac{\vec{v}(\tau)}{c}}$$

These

$$T \equiv t - \frac{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}_*(\tau)|}{c} \leftarrow \text{determines } T \text{ implicitly as function of } t, r$$
$$R \equiv |\vec{r} - \vec{r}_*(\tau)|$$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} = 1 + \vec{n} \cdot \vec{v} \frac{\partial T}{\partial t}$$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} = \frac{1}{(1 - \vec{n} \cdot \vec{v})}$$